
From: Eric Danner - NOAA Federal <eric.danner@noaa.gov>
Sent: Thursday, March 21, 2019 8:13 AM
To: Evan Sawyer - NOAA Affiliate; Cathy Marcinkevage - NOAA Federal
Subject: Fwd: ROC_AR_Releasable (Summary days reds above 53.5 F)

Evan,

Please see that attached analysis of the PA and COS scenarios. Let me know if you have any questions.

Eric

----- Forwarded message -----

From: Miles Daniels - NOAA Affiliate <miles.daniels@noaa.gov>
Date: Wed, Mar 20, 2019 at 3:34 PM
Subject: ROC_AR_Releasable (Summary days reds above 53.5 F)
To: Eric Danner - NOAA Federal <eric.danner@noaa.gov>

Hi Eric,

Attached is the requested table (excel format) summarizing the days reds are simulated to be exposed to water temperatures above 53.5 F in the PA and COS scenarios. The table also has information such as the Shasta storage as of April 31st and the temperature tier associated with that storage. Mean mortality estimates for the Martin and Anderson mortality models are also included.

Note that to calculate the days reds were exposed to temperatures above 53.5 F on an annual basis, a weighting approach was used with the information provided in Appendix D page 85 of the BA (tables and pages are not numbered in the actual document). Specifically the two tables providing the temporal and spatial distributions of reds were used for weights. Please let me know if you would like more details on this.

Also note that in Appendix A, the Shasta temperature tiers are described in terms of cold water pool, which appear to be translated to total Shasta storage via the "rule of thumb relationship" presented on page A-45. However, our previous efforts to re-create the rule of thumb relationship were unsuccessful and therefore it is difficult to confirm that the relationship is valid. See the email titled "ROC_AR_Releasable (CCR and Shasta/Keswick Temperature Relationships)" for more details on this subject.

Lastly, there are two plots attached which summarize the attached data. One plot summarizes the data by Shasta temperature tier and the other by water year type.

Some general trends seen in the plots:

- 1) When considering the hatch (Anderson) or emergence (Martin) model, the PA often has reds exposed to fewer days above 53.5 F, however, not during wet and above normal water year types.
- 2) As expected, the hatch model has reds exposed to fewer days above 53.5 F compared to the emergence model regardless of scenario as the time frame the two models considers is different.

Please let me know if there are any questions,
Miles

--
Miles Daniels, Ph.D.
Assistant Project Scientist
University of California, Santa Cruz

Phone: 831-420-3946

--

Eric Danner, Ph.D.
Supervisory Research Ecologist
Fisheries Ecology Division, Southwest Fisheries Science Center
110 McAllister Way
Santa Cruz, CA 95060
831-420-3917
<http://swfsc.noaa.gov/>